

GHANA'S FOOD SECURITY DILEMA

65% of Farmers are over 65 years

\$2BN
POST HARVEST
LOSSES P/A

\$1.2BN
RICE, TOMATOE,
POULTRY IMPORTS

\$2BN
PRODUCTION LOSSES
BY NOT INVESTING IN
IRRIGATION



FOOD SECURITY DIMENSIONS

- **AFFORDABILITY** (standard of living, inflation)
- **ACCESSIBILITY** (hunger, nutrition)
- **UTILIZATION** (nutrition, value addition)
- **STABILITY** (storage, self sufficiency, reserves, inflation, import)

• COUNTRY STRATEGIC PLAN (2022-2028)

• Food systems in Ghana, including for **nutritious food value chains**, are inclusive, provide sustainable livelihoods, meet essential nutrient needs for all and are more **resilient to local and global financial, climate and geopolitical shocks and value chain disruptions**, by 2028.

- WFP will achieve this by
 - contributing to **youth-led increase in agricultural productivity**
 - deepen its **partnerships with the private sector**, other development partners **reduce post-harvest losses**,
 - **improve quality and safety standards**,
 - **facilitate access to finance and markets**
 - **climate smart adaptation/mitigation practices and finance**,

• PROJECTS IMPACTING 200,000 SHF

• Training and Capacity Building

- Transformation of Agricultural Colleges
- Access to finance innovations e.g VSLAs

• Post Harvest Loss Reduction (mechanization provision and training)

- Supporting Warehouse Infrastructure and Transformation
- Access to Equipment

• Production

- Facilitating Market Access (PHL, Yedent)
- Cash Based Transfer Program to boost productivity
- Digitalization Project
- School Feeding
- Agroforestry Carbon Credit Program

• PROJECTS AT WFP GHANA - 200,000 SHF

• Supporting Value Addition

- Empowering young entrepreneurs, food processors

• Institutional Strengthening

- Ministry for Food and Agriculture
- Ministry of Youth Empowerment and Development
- Ministry of Education
- Ministry of Trade, Agribusiness and Industry